ESTABLISHED 1840.

MEMPHIS, TENN, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1877.

VOL XXXVI-NUMBER 259

CLUSING BATES day of cotton and gold: Liverpo cotton, 6 7-16d. Memphis cotton, 10 3-8c. New Orleans cotton, 10 3-4c, New York cotton, 11 1-8c. New York gold, 102 3-4.

## WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WANDERT., OFFICE CE. SIG. OFFICER, | WASHINGTON, November 2, 1 a.m. For Tennesses and the Ohio valley, cloudy and rainy weather, variable winds, shifting to colder northwesterly, falling followed by rising barometer, accompanying a cyclone central near Louisville.

OBSERVATIONS YESTERDAY. WAR DEP'T, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARRY, THURSDAY, November 1, 1877, 10:08 p.m. Bar. Ther. Dir. | Force. W. M. M'RLROY, Sergeant

## THE DEATH OF SENATOR O. P.

Death seems to be busy with the greatmen of our country. The columns of the APPEAL, for the past four days, will attest the sorrow of our people over the death of a military chieftain whose fame has filled the land, and our dispatches this morning announce the death of Oliver P. Morton, who has so long been a conspicuous party leader. In the death of these two representative men of their respective sections, and in their divergent spheres, the gospel of tolerance takes deeper meaning, the cruelty of sectional hates and of partisanship look meaner, and the charity that leveth all things seems divine. We are of those who would "speak nothing but good of the dead," and with us, at halt-past five o'clock yesterday evening, the bour when Senator O. P. Morton died, harsh judgment of him died also. For years men have talked of him with loving affection and ardent admiration, or with vehement hatred and But to-day his friends are gentler toward him than his for death is a beneficent peacemaker, and taking away a fellow-citizen seals his lips, which can never more explain anything or defend himself from calumny, and touches the lips of the survivors with a sweet charity. So now it is given to men who have honestly and bitterly denounced Senator Morton as a living force, that he has passed away, to put aside the arrow aimed at his faults, and to lay with kindly hands a wreath upon his virtues. When they who have achieved distinction in war, statesmanship, oratory, poetry, science or hilosophy sicken and die, the hatreds and rivalries that were begotten in the busy arena of life are remembered no longer; the events that excited hostility in the breasts of others are effaced, and a generous people remember only the genius, ability and virtues of the deceased, and treasure them as the glory of the nation. We are not prepared to furnish this morning a biography of the early life and history of Senator The south is familiar with his course as an implacable enemy, but we are all compelled to concede his great abilities. His brain was large, tireless, but rugged and masculine. His reasoning facties were both powerful and acute. Those who knew him most intimately, and Senator M'Donald, his colleague and a Democrat, declared that beneath all his apparent harshness there was an undercurrent of kindness and benevolence, and that the thunder-cloud which hung upon his rugged brow, and from which flashed the lightning of partisan hate, were surcharged with many of the most lovely traits in the human character. He was a bold and daring party leader. He possessed that kind of manliness, as opposed to effeminacy. He evinced little respect for refinement, delicacy and sentiitism, but delighted in the sterling qualities of the heart and mind. His ability and selfreliance made him a formidable leader. Not only a bold thinker, but he was a bold actor. He was not sordid, and his worst enemy could not say of him that he enriched himself at the expense of the public, for he died comparatively poor, while Blaine and others have ecome rich during a much shorter public career. Senator Morton had no imagination, no fancy, no literary taste. In all his he never uttered a poetical senti-Intellectual pungency, force of character and hard practical sense were the qualities that made him formidable as a debater. Had the higher gidding of imagination—such as Clay or Webster possessed—been added as a finishing luster, he would have been one of the greatest of American crators. Senator Morton yearned for the Presidency, but he died with the dearest aspirations of his heart ungratified. It was out of the blackness of a condense of the property of the passengers on the property of the passengers of a passenger of the property of the passengers of th made him formidable as a debater. Had the

THE official count of the recent result of he Ohio election for governor is as follows: Total vote cast, 555,060, which is a falling off from the total vote for secretary of state, in 1876, of 75,879, and from the vote for President, in 1876, of 103,589. The following is the vote for the various officers, with the plurality of the successful candidates, the several tickets being given in order as follows: Democratic, Republican, Workingmen, Prohibitionist, Greenback, and Workingmen's Fusion ticket: For governor, Bishop received 271,625; West, 249,105; Bond, 12,489; Thompson, 4836; Johnson, 16,912; scattering, 93. Bishop's plurality over West, 22,520. Total vote cast, 555,060, which is a falling off Bishop's plurality over West, 22,520.

light and love of his God. That he was pre-

pared for the awful change will be the prayer

WASHINGTON correspondents are now of opinion that the failure of the administration is sealed the fate of Pennsylvania unredeemably to the Democracy. Don, they say, had great expectation of being retained as one of Mr. Hayes's cabinet. He was not. That was a mortal offense to the ruling Republican power of the State, and that fact made the objections to the southern policy of the state. Mr. Hayes, and more especially to his civil-the treasury, as a proper auxiliary of gold com for the purposes of commerce. service order forbidding national office-holders from actively interfering in elections, he pro-Mr. Eames inquired whether any discussion of the bill was to be allowed.

New York, November 1.—Miss Emma Abbott, the primo-donna, to-day authorizes the publication of the statement made by her while in this city last Monday—that Louis in congress recommended, have simply intenshed the feeling before prevailing among the friends of Simon Cameron against the Washington administration. Of course, that great element of strength heretofore that great element of strength heretofore used in carrying the State for the Republication strength and the scornful rejection of the statement made by her while in this city last Monday—that Louis in the promocal and the scornful rejection of the statement made by her while in this city last Monday—that Louis in the proposition of the bill was to be allowed.

Mr. Eames inquired whether any discussion of the bill was to be allowed.

Mr. Ewing replied that it had been the desire of the committee to have an ample discussion of the provisions of the bill, but as it was in the morning, opportunities for dismuch restricted; besides, there was some custion and management of the bill was to be allowed.

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Mr. Eames inquired whether any discussion of the provisions used in carrying the State for the Republican party is not active in this cam-paign. Philadelphia, which could always be depended on to give any majority needed to overwhelm the Democratic majority of the rest of the State, is in a condition anything but harmonious, and the usual large Reput-lican majority is not anticipated. Then Alle-uitimo with a shaft broken, is of Sandy Hook.

gheny county, in which were the Pittsburg riots, and which could always be counted on to give a Republican majority of some thousands, is in a condition that buffles all calculation as to the vote that will be cast for the respective parties. It is certain not to give the usual majority, it, indeed, it shall give any for the Republican ticket. In Phildelphia and throughout the State the workingmen and greenbackers have combined, and are expected to poll from eighty to one hundred thousand votes, a majority of which will come from the Republican party. The Interesting Debates in Congress on the signs are decidedly in favor of Democratic success in Pennsylvania,

THE New York Evening Post, of recent dates, states: "We are informed on authority that the recent statement in the Financia Chronicle that the proceedings in the United States court at Jackson, Mississippi, in the foreclosure suit for possession of the Mississippi Central railroad were stayed by an injunction, is erroneous. The court ordered the delivery of the deed to the purchasing com-

THE funeral of the late Ned Adams, the actor, took place in Philadelphia yesterday, under charge of the Actors' order of friendsnip. Many beautiful floral tributes were presented. The remains were taken to St. James Protestant Episcopal church, and after remains and after remains were taken to St. Six per cent. bonds, \$703,266,650; five per cent. bonds, \$703,266,650; four and one-half ship. Many beautiful floral tributes were presented. The remains were taken to St.

death of Senator Morton.

patches, were confined to the postoffice de-

THE next session of the Evangelical Alliance will be held in Basle, Switzerland.

Into the Clutches of the Law-Two "Road Agents" Do Their Last Day's Work, and are Captured by

his Cavalry.

CHASED

CHEYENNE, W. T., November 1.—The coach that left Deadwood Tuesday morning, coming south, was stopped and robbed last night, within three miles of this post, by two road men, supposed to be Blackburn and Wall, the notorious road agents. There passengers in the coach, among United States Marshal Sween. whom was United States Marshal Sween. The robbers took everything of any value that could be found—money, jewelry, blankets and overcoats. The same men about daylight this morning robbed a freight outlit, consisting of four wagons, taking all the blankets they had. They took from a Chinaman who was in the train, everything he had, and then administered a sound thrashing with the teamster's whip. Lieutenant Chase, with a detachment of the Third cavalry, accompanied by Wm. Reid, an experienced man at tracing thieves and catching them, started this morning in pursuit of the thieves, and followed them nearly all day, hearing of them often just ahead, they having robbed six different men during the day. They finally captured the men twelve miles above the government farm and about thirty-six from Fort Laramie. A hot chase was kept up for

farm and about thirty-six from Fort Laramie. A hot chase was kept up for about five miles. After the robbers discovered their pursuers they threw away a gun and some heavy articles in their flight, and were finally brought to bay by several shots being fired at them, and surrendered. They are now in the guardhouse at the post. One of them is identified as Webster, the murder of Deputy-Sheriff Cuney. They would not give their names, telling the officer of the day that they had a dozen names each, and there is no use in giving any names. The two

gratified. It was out of the blackness of a great defeat, and the bitterness of a condemnation by the people of his own State and of the American Union, that he stepped into the light and love of his God. That he was prein which he discovered and followed their

An Episcopal Bishop Consecrated for China.

NEW YORK, November 1.—Rev. Samuel Isaac Joseph Schenchawsky, D. D., was, this afternoon, consecrated missionary bishop of the Protestant Episcopal church of Shanghai,

How New York Merchants will "Take Bliver in Theirn." New York, November 1.—At the regular monthly meeting of the chamber of commerce to-day the following resolution was

A Bit of Scandal about an Editor.

sumption are cared by Dr. Bull's cough

WASHINGTON.

Movements of the Various Committees Public Debt Statement-Calls for Redemption of Bonds - October Coinage-The Pennsylvania Election.

Withdrawal of Troops from South Carolina and Louisiana - Comments of the Associated Press Dispatch Writers.

Washington, November 1.—The house committee on naval affairs has adopted a resolution that the committee on appropriations be informed that it is their judgment that a bill be reported at the earliest opportudelivery of the deed to the purchasing committee representing the holders of the consolidated mortgage bonds, the majority of these bonds being held by the Illinois Central company. The deed of the property, now in their hands, is at present being recorded in the several counties through which the road runs."

bell be reported at the earliest opportunity making appropriations to cover the deficiencies on account of the pay of navy officiers, the hospital fund, and support of the last fiscal year; also, that the committee on appropriations be informed that it is the purpose of the committee on naval affairs to examine into the subject of the diversion of funds appropriated for special objects to other purposes.

The committee on patents have set apart the fifteenth instant for hearing of the argu-ments on a general revision of the patent ofice laws. PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

James Protestant Episcopal church, and after services were borne to Mount Moriah cemetery and interred in a lot belonging to the Actors' order of friendship.

The story of the Sonora secession fever is denied by persons recently arrived at San Diego. On the contrary, no State legislation. denied by persons recently arrived at San Diego. On the contrary, no State legislature or other representative body has been in session since the adjournment of the legislature.

The steamship City of Bristol, drawing the jetty channel without detention yesterday. This is the deepest draught vessel that ever left the port of New Orleans.

The senate committee on privileges and elections, met and adjourned yesterday on account of the telegram announcing the death of Senator Morton.

As a special deposit, \$37,620,000; total in the treasury, \$194,038,045, less estimated amount due military establishments, \$9,500,000; debt less cash in the treasury, \$2,051,587,254; decrease of the debt damount due military establishments, \$9,500,000; debt less cash in the treasury, \$2,051,587,254; decrease of the debt damount due military establishments, \$9,500,000; debt less cash in the treasury, \$2,051,587,254; decrease of the debt damount due military establishments, \$9,500,000; debt less cash in the treasury, \$2,051,587,254; decrease of the debt damount due military establishments, \$9,500,000; debt less cash in the treasury, \$2,051,587,254; decrease of the debt damount due military establishments, \$9,500,000; debt less cash in the treasury, \$2,051,587,254; decrease of the debt damount due military establishments, \$9,500,000; debt less cash in the treasury, \$2,051,587,254; decrease of the debt damount due military establishments, \$9,500,000; debt less cash in the treasury, \$2,051,587,254; decrease of the debt damount due military establishments, \$9,500,000; debt less cash in the treasury, \$2,051,587,254; decrease of the debt damount due military establishments, \$9,500,000; debt less cash in the treasury, \$2,051,587,254; decrease of the debt damount due military establishments, \$9,500,000; debt less cash in the treasury, \$2,051,587,254; decrease of the debt damount due military establishments, \$9,500,000; debt less cash in the treasury, \$2,051,587,254; decrease of the debt damount due military establishments, \$9,500,000; debt les

CALLS FOR REDEMPTION. During the month of October four calls for the redemption of 5-20 bonds, matured, THE confirmations by the senate yesterday, and the amount redeemed and paid for by gold check was thirty-three million dollars, this included the scattering bonds of other this included the scattering bonds of other calls that had not previously come in. This amount, together with the coin deposited in the treasury by the syndicate, will enable the secretary to place forty-five million dollars of four per cent. bonds in the public debt statement issued to-morrow. It is expected that the debt statement will show a reduction of about three million dollars.

> SENATOR MORTON.
> Intelligence of the death of Senator Morton, received here to-night, produces pro-found sorrow. On the announcement of his death in the senate to-morrow a committee will be appointed to attend his funeral at Inwill be appointed to attend his funeral at indianapolis, in conjunction with a similar committee on the part of the house.
>
> At half-past nine o'clock this evening
> Prof. Widows, of the Metropolitan church
> chimes, played "The Dead March in Saul,"
> and other dirges, and tolled the minute bells
> for one hour, in memory of the illustrious

COMMITTEE MEETINGS. The house committee on appropriations, at a meeting to-day, nearly completed the preparation of the army bill, and expect to

this morning, and voted to recommend an appropriation of forty-five thousand dollars for the restoration of such models that passed through the fire in the patent office as OCTOBER'S COINAGE.

The comage executed in the United States mints during the month of October. 1877, is as follows: Double eagles, \$5,454,800; half eagles, \$5000; quarter eagles, \$20,000; total gold coinage, \$5,479,800. Trade dollars, \$1,075,050; half dollars, \$711,225; quarter dollars, \$554,012; twenty-cent pieces, \$10; dimes, \$76,405; total silver coinage, \$22,416,-719

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS. Senate.—During the morning the Vice-President appointed Senator Withers a mem-ber of the board of regents of the Smithson-ien institute. A number of bills were re-

The desk of Senator Morton was marked by a bouquet of white flowers. The chaplain alluded to the illness of the senator, saying: "We unite our prayers to beseech Thee to "We unite our prayers to beseech free to give to the dying senator a prospect of a a better life; to open for him a new career, and another journey beyond the stars."

Senator Armstrong presented a memorial from the Kansas City board of trade, favoring the repeal of the specie resumption act, the remonetization of silver, and also a resolution from the St. Louis merchants' exchange rom the St. Louis merchants' exchange avoring the repeal of the bankrupt law.

Referred.

The senate then went into executieve session. When the doors opened it adjourned.

House.—A number of bills were introduced, including the following:

By Mr. Schleicher: To aid the Washington, Cincinnati and St. Louis railroad to construct a narrow-gauge railway from Tidewater to St. Louis and Chicago.

By Mr. Cabell: Authorizing the secretary of the treasury to pay to owners the value of cotton and tobacco seized by the government

ince April 10, 1865.

Mr. Schleicher offered a resolution calling air. Schleicher offered a resolution calling upon the President for all information relating to the condition of the Mexican border in Texas, and to any recent invasion of the territory of the United States by incursions from Mexico. Adopted,

Mr. Goode asked leave to offer a resolution

Mr. Goods asked leave to offer a resolution declaring that, in the judgment of the house, the action of the President in withdrawing the Federal troops from South Carolina and Louisiana was wise and just and constitutional; that it has contributed in a large degree to the restoration of peace and harmony throughout the country, and is entitled to re-ceive the cordial support of all men who realized that while there is a north and a south and an east and a west, there is but

Buttler suggested that it should be referred to the committee on education and la-

ber from Kansas.

Mr. Ewing called up his motion to recon-

instructed him to ask unanimous consent to have the discussion continue to-day till three o'clock, with the understanding that the previous question should be demanded on the passage of the bill.

Mr. Conger inquired whether amendments to the bill would be permitted.

Mr. Ewing replied that he had been instructed by the committee to yield to the gentleman from Illinois [Fort] to offer the amendments presented yesterday.

The speaker suggested to Mr. Ewing to

ask consent to have the bill taken out of the Mr. Conger pressed his inquiry, whether other amendments than Mr. Fort's would be

The speaker suggested that it was a matter for the house to determine.

Mr. Ewing—I am desirous to have the sense of the house later on any amendments that may be offered, provided they do not endanger the consideration or disposition of the bill. [Laughter.] bill. [Laughter.]

The Speaker—The offering of amendments would not displace the consideration of the bill, but whether the amendments might im-

pair the bill is a matter of opinion. [Laugh-Mr. Ewing adopted the previous sugges-tion of the speaker, and asked unanimous consent to have the bill taken out of the morning hour.
Messrs. Hale, Garfield, and others, ob-

Mr. Sayler submitted as a parliamentary question that the expiration of sixty minutes did not necessarily close the morning hour, but it required the interposition of some other ousiness of higher privilege.

The speaker stated that at the expiration o the morning hour it would be in order to move to go to the speaker's table, or go into committee of the whole, and that either of

ing the vote, and it was agreed to.
The Speaker—The morning hour has expired.
Mr. Sayler—Has the chair any objection to

hearing an objection to that ruling?
The Speaker—None at all.
Mr. Sayler—On what ground does the chair lecide that the morning hour has expired? The Speaker-The morning hour means a por any other number of hours. these tactics of the opposition, to consume the morning hour each day in dilatory mo-tions, action on the bill can be postponed in-definitely. The bill has no status in the house except during the morning hour, and in that respect is in the same position that Mr. Bland's silver bill was in the last congress and Hooper's civil-rights bill during the previous congress. The only alternatives, in a parliamentary sense, would be to have the bill again reported and referred to the com-mittee of the whole on the state of the Union,

where it would be open to indefinite discus-sion and amendment, or else to pass it under suspension of the rules, but that would re-uire a majority of two-thirds. Mr. Potter offered a resolution that when the house adjourns to morrow, it ad-journ to meet Tuesday next, and then no business shall be in order but a motion to ad-journ to the following Thursday. In explan-ation Mr. Potter referred to the elections Mr. Conger asked Mr. Potter whether he thought the public interest would be promoted by letting members go home.

Mr. Potter—I think the public interest would

be promoted by letting the gentlemen on this side of the house go home [laughter on the Republican side], but I cannot draw up a parliamentary resolution for that purpose.

Mr. Kelly—It is possible the house may do some business in these days. It is known that that worthy officers of the navy are borrow-ing money at inordinate rates of interest be-cause congress has failed to appropriate money to pay them. I think the country money to pay them. I think the country would be as well served by congress remain ing in session and passing the appropriatio bill as it would be by diffusing, in the severa

bill as it would be by diffusing, in the several States in which elections are to be held, the small number of members who want to vote. Mr. Clymer—I desire to state that the last congress did not fail to make an appropriation for the support of the navy. It did make that appropriation, but it was improperly devoted to other uses.

Mr. Kelley—Well, the fact remains that they are suffering for their pay.

After some further discussion the resolution was rejected without division.

Mr. Springer endeavored to bring before the house again, on a point of order, the bill

the house again, on a point of order, the bill to repeal the resumption act, but the point was overruled by the speaker.

Mr. Kelley—I move that the house go into committee of the whole on the state of the Union, in order to enable the gentlemen who want to discuss the pending bill to make their The motion was agreed to, and the house went into committee of the whole, Mr. Sayler in the chair, and was addressed by Mr. Hunter in a speech to prove that national bank notes are cheaper and safer money than greenbacks.

greenbacks.

At the close of Mr. Hunter's speech Mr. Kelley rose, and in a sarcastic tone felicitated himself on having got the house into committee of the whole, where the wrongs and sufferings of the banker had been so freely stated. He was quite sure the stockholders and officers of the national banks were not aware of their sufferings, and that when they read the generous speech they would surrender their superings, and that when they read the generous speech they would surrender their circulation. He knew of no bank in his State that had ever declared more than ten per cent. dividend in a year, but it was quite common for them to declare semi-an-nually dividends of ten per cent., and put a large amount to reserve. He implored the gentleman to make known to the suffering bankers of the country the terrible taxation

they were enduring.

The committee then rose, when Mr. Springer offered a resolution for the final adjournment of this extraordinary session on the twenty-eighth of November. Referred. The house then adjourned. MORE ABOUT WELSH.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat special, October 30th: The nomination of John Weish, of Pennsylvania, to be minister to England, was Pennsylvania, to be minister to England, was a surprise to-day. The selection was made without a cabinet consultation, and was agreed upon by the President and secretary of state. The Pennsylvania representatives in congress generally speak approvingly, looking upon the nomination as a satisfactory extrication from the trouble in which they were placed by the proceedings of ten days ago. Even Senator Cameron remarked to a friend to-day that he thought there would be Mr. Ewing called up his motion to reconsider the vote of yesterday recommitting to the committee on banking and currency the bill to repeal the third section of the resumption act.

A copy of a letter is in the possession of a member of the Pennsylvania delegation, which it is proposed to use against the confirmation.

MORTON IS DEAD.

The Great Leader of the Republican Party, in and out of Congress, after Long Suffering and Painful Illness, Finally Yields up the

scenes and Incidents attending his Last Moments-" I am Dying, I am Worn Out," his Last Words-Arrangements for his Funeral.

INDIANAPOLIS, November 1.—Senator Morton died at half-past five o'clock this afternoon. The frequent bulletins of to-day render it unnecessary to recount his sufferings and the measures employed to relieve them. About noon Mrs. Morton and her sons, by her The speaker stated that at the expiration of the morning hour it would be in order to move to go to the speaker's table, or go into committee of the whole, and that either of these motions would necessarily close the morning hour.

Mr. Sayler admitted that that was unquestionably true, and after some further discussion on this point, Mr. Ewing moved the previous question. The previous question was seconded—128 to 120—and the house then proceeded to a vote by yeas and nays on ordering the main question.

Mr. Conger moved that the house do now adjourn; but the motion, which was intended solely for delay, came too late, as the speaker stated that several names had already been called. A vote on the ordering of the main question resulted—yeas, 132; nays, 124. The question then recurred on reconsidering the vote of yesterday, recommitting the bill.

Mr. Hubbell here interposed a motion to adjourn. The calling of the yeas and nays on that motion occupied the remainder of the morning hour.

Mr. Conger suggested that the morning hour had expired.

The Speaker—The main question having been ordered by the house, it must now be executed; it is, "shall the vote recommitting the bills or the doctor's announcement, "He is going," the gaze of the wife and sons became fixed on the face of the husband and father, with now and then a piteous look of inquiry toward the doctor, until his further announcement, "It is over." The widow clasped her sons to her, exclaimed.

The widow clasped to relieve them. About non Mrs. Morton and her sons, by her requests, were left alone with the senator for about an hour. What passed between them is not for us to inquire. Before five o'clock it became evident that he had entered upon his last hour on earth. He has rested the greater portion of the day in a half lying and half sitting position. As he grew weaker the supporting position. As he grew weaker the supporting position. As he grew weaker the lay prone upon the bed. A deeper silence now prevaded the room, and remained to die, Oliver?" he i morning hour.

Mr. Conger suggested that the morning hour had expired.

The Speaker—The main question having been ordered by the house, it must now be executed; it is, "shall the vote recommitting the bill be reconsidered?"

Mr. Conger—That will be the first vote in the next morning hour.

The Speaker—The chair thinks not. The chair thinks that until the main question is exhausted the morning hour must continue. The next question will be: "Will the house reconsider the vote?" That question being determined, the main question will be exhausted.

Mr. Conger—All right. I am quite satisfied.

The Speaker—The chair always desires to please both sides.

The question was then put on reconsidering the vote, and it was agreed to.

The Speaker—The morning hour has extended to the speaker and the senator's presenter assisted by Revs. I B. Cleaver, Henry Level and sons became fixed on the face of the husband and father, with now and then a piteous look of inquiry toward the doctor, until his further announcement, "It is going, the gaze of the husband and father, with now and then a piteous look of inquiry toward the doctor, until his further announcement, "It is over." The widow clasped her sons to her, exclaiming quietly, but in iones never to be forgotten, "My darling boys." The friends withdrew, leaving them for a time, when they were tenderly led from the room. This evening, by direction of the mayor, the city bells have been tolled fifty-four strokes, indicating the dead senator's age. The bells will also be tolled and the interment will take place at Crown little cemetery. The services will be conducted by Rev. Prof. S. K. Hoshour, Mrs. Morton's former paster and the senator's presented by Revs. I B. Cleaver, Henry Level and some fixed on the face of the husband and father, with now and then dector.

The speaker—The main question in the wife and sons to head the wife and sons to her, with doctor. The widow clasped her sons to her, with dector in the wife and sons to her the wife and sons to her the wife and sons to h ton's former pastor and the senator's preten's former pastor and the senator's preceptor, assisted by Revs. J. B. Cleaver, Henry
Day and J. H. Bayliss. The body will be in
state, during Sunday, in the corridor of the
Marion county courthouse—now used as a
Statehouse—giving the people of the State
an opportunity to view the remains,
for whese accommodation special exercison trains will be run on Sunday and Monday. The Indianapolis light infanty have tendered their services as a guard of honor. The Montgomery Guards, of Crawfordsville, have also tendered their services. The family have requested Hon. E. B. Martingdale, Hon. Jas. A. Wildman and Ex-Governor Conrad Baker to represent them and act for them in making all further arrangements. The mayor has called a meeting of citizens in the United State court-room to-morrow morning, at nine o'clock, when it will be decided to invite the President and cabinet and the governors of the several States to attend the funeral. The members of the bench and bar of the city and State are requested to meet at two o'clock to-morrow. Reports from many cities and towns in the State announce the tolling of bells. Governor Williams will close the State offices on Monday, and Mayor Caven the offices of the city government. They

the offices of the city government. They will jointly request the citizens to close their business houses from noon to three Jacksonville, Fla., October 31: An incendiary fire at Tallahasse, last night, destroyed the Phoentx block, which was occupied by four firms. Loss, thirty-two thousand dollars; insurance, twenty-one thousand dollars.

Columbus, O., November I: Special car No. 67, on the Pennsylvania Central and St. Louis railway, containing General-Manager Caldwell and other high officials of the road, left here at noon to-day to visit the bed-side of Senator Morton.

MARRIED.

church, on Court street, by Rev. Dr. G. T. Stainback. Mr. J. B. FAIRES, of the firm of J. B. & W. A. Faires, of this city, and Miss KATIE L. MOUNT, eldest nuel C. Mount, an old citizen of Memphis

Masonic Notice.

ILWINNING LODGE, No. 341.—Will hold a special communication this (FRIDAY) evening, November 2d, at 7 o'clock sharp, for work in the F. C. degree. All F. C.'s fraternally invited. By order JAS. S. CARPENTER, W. M. A. J. KNAPP, Secretary.

Temple of Love, No. 1.

MB Temple will meet this (FRIDAY) evening, at 225 Second street, at 6 o'clock. By order JACKSON P. CREWS, T. S. JOS. TOWNSEND, R. S.

SEWING-MACHINES.

THE NEW DOMESTIC"

SEWING-MACHINE.

WHAT IT IS.

IT is the most powerful and durable, the lightestrunning, and most silent Sewing-Machine made.
POWER.—The application of force directly over
the needle insures ample power and enables it to go
through the heaviest work with ease.
DURABILITY.—All the working parts are thoroughly hardened, and so adjusted that lost motion
can be readily taken up.

EASE OF ACTION.—The simplicity of its machinery, the few bearings and points of friction, and
the absence of all cams and gear-wheels, give it a
iight, easy action that requires but little motive
power. power.

It has an AUTOMATIC TENSION, which being selfregulating, does away with what in other machines
is a fruitful source of annoyance and trouble.

There being no cogs to rattle, and no cams to rub
and grind, it does its work without noise.

Its action is so light and easy that it can be run by
a line cotton thread in place of the ordinary leather
band.

Specially recommended by the medical faculty on account of its light-running qualities.

"Why! how easy it runs!" is the invariable expression of those who operate it for the first time.

It is made and finished one hundred per cent, better than any other Sewing, Machine in the market. Its working parts are finished equal to the works of a fine watch. Mechanics and those who are familiar with machinery, are invited to call and examine it.

The ladies are invited to call and examine it.

The ladies are invited to call and see the Domestic Underbraider is as simple as to do plain stitching.

I also have for sale the latest and best Plaiter. Price \$3. Agents wanted.

G. W. FISHER,

COFFEE ROASTER. THE FAMILY

Coffee-Roaster A N indispensable utility for every household.

Simple and perfect in contrivance; does better work and quicker work, saves coffee, retains its aroma, and will last a life-time; always ready for use, gives satisfaction, and can be had for a small sum. Call and examine the "Family Rosster," at

LOUIS DUSH'S, No. 394 Main street.

**BUT WHAT WE HAVE ON HAND** 

MUST BE SOLD!

500 pcs. Assorted Worsted Dress Goods. 100 pc . Kentucky Jeans. 100 p White and Colored Flanuels. 500 doz. Hosiery. 2000 yards Embroidery. 300 Corsets. 200 Pant Patterns for Men and Boys. 40 pcs. Waterproof.

40 pcs. Waterproof.
500 boxes Notions, Handkerchiefs, Bibbons, Velvets, Etc.
1000 cards of Buttons at nominal prices.
500 yards Beal Guipure and Yak Laces at 25c on the dollar. 25 Paisley Shawls at 25c on the dollar.

CALICOES and DOMESTICS

HERZOG & BROTHER

No. 259 MAIN STREET.

A. B. TREADWELL. S. S. TREADWELL

Wholesale Grocers and Gotton Factors, No. 11 UNION STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN.,

OFFER FOR SALE 10,000 bundle Iron Ties, 50 tierces Hams, 50 tierces Lard, 500 bris. Refined Sugar, 5000 barrels Salt, 10,000 bundle Iron Ties, 5000 rolls Bagging, 2000 barrels Flour 50 tierces Hams, 1000 pails Lard, 160 casks Bacon, 200 bris. Refined Sugar, 2000 bris. Refined Sugar, 2000 kegs Nails, 1600 bags Coffee, 5000 barrels Salt, 5000 pkgs. New Mackerel, 1600 pkgs. Tobacco, Together with a full line of Case Goods.

18 Consignments of Cotton solicited, and liberal advances made on same. All Cotton insured while in store, as well as that consigned to us by river, unless otherwise instructed.

J. H. M'CLELLAN.

GUY, M'CLELLAN & CO. Wholesale Grocers.

Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants. 260 and 262 Front street, Memphis.

CARBERY & CASEY,

Importers and Wholesale Liquor Merchants, Nos. 347 Front street, Memphis, Tenn.

PEARCE, SUGGS & CO...

WHOLESALE GROCERS. Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants

No. 258 Front street. Memphis, Tenn. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO THE SALE OF COTTON

WILLS & WILDBERGER,

Stationers and Printers Oliver, Finnie & Co

NO. 317 MAIN STREET. A FULL LINE OF

SCHOOL BOOKS, MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS AND BLANK BOOKS Constantly on hand. Steamboat Work a specialty.

WILLIAMS & CO. MANUFACTURERS OF

Lumber, Shingles and Lath DOORS, SASH AND BLENDS. FRUIT AND PACKING BOXES

OFFICE AND YARD: Corner Gayoso and Second Sts.

SAW-MILL AND YARD North Front Street. Memphis, - - - Tennessee.

J. T. FARGASON & CO. WHOLESALE General Agent Domestic Sewing-Machine Co., 63 Madison st., bet. 2d 4 3d st., Memphis.

Grocers and Cotton Factors COTTON GINNING

369 Front and 32 Clinton Sts., Memphis.

M. Gavin & Co. WHOLESALE GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS

And Commission Merchants, 282 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn. Between Adams and Jefferson.

WOODWORKERS. MOORE, BASSETT & CO.,

LUMBER DEALERS. Nos. 351 and 353 Second St., Memphis. DOORS LUMBER BLINDS SHINGLES

HATS.

THE BEST GOODS!

THE LATEST STYLES!

THE CHEAPEST GOODS! IN THE SOUTH.

LEIDY & CO.

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE.

Dissolution of Partnership. THE partnership heretofore existing between Samuel Mosby and C. P. Hunt, under the firm name and style of Mosby. Hunt & Co., is this day (November 1, 1877.) dissolved, by the said Mosby retiring therefrom. C. P. Hunt, and his partner in business, T. J. Hunt, will take charge of the assets, and pay all of the indebtedness of Mosby, Hunt & Co.

SAMUEL MOSBY.
C. P. HUNT.

C. P. HUNT.

T. J. HUNT.

T. J. HUNT.

T. J. HUNT.

Co., I take pleasure in recommending my successors to the patrons of the old firm.

Memphis, November 1, 1877.

C. P. HUNT. THOS. J. HUNT C. P. HUNT & CO. WHOLESALE

Grocers COTTON FACTORS And COMMISSION MERCHANTS. No. 306 Front street.

Referring to above, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the favors hitherto bestowed the old rm, and promise our most careful attention to all usiness intrusted to our care.

Dissolution. THE copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of Badford, Stratton & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, W. L. Badford withdrawing from the house, and B. M. Stratton continuing at the old stand, under the firm name and style of B. M. Stratton & Co., where the business of the old firm will be settled. W. L. BADFORD.

B. M. STRATTON.

Thanking our friends and the public for their liberal patronage extended the old house, would request that the same be extended to the new firm.

W. L. RADFORD.

B. M. STRATTON & CO

DEALERS IN CHOICE AND FANCY

GROCERIES! Foreign and Domestic Fruits,

Teas, Coffees, Etc. 281 Main Street.

NEAR MADISON .... MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, THE firm of Phelan & Murphy was dissolved by mutual consent September 10th, Mr. Ben.

NEW FIRM. B. F. MURPHY MAJ. J. J. MURPHY and B. F. MURPHY unde

Maj. J. J. MURPHY and B. F. MURPHY, unde
the firm name of Murphy & Murphy, will
continue the Fire, Marine and Hull Insurance Business, at No. 5 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn. They will represent only first-class companies, and are prepared to take risks on Gin-Houses
and all other classes assurable property.

GROCERIES.

FIRST-CLASS

WHOLESALE DEALERS

GROCERIES!

1500 buckets, brls. and 1/2-brls. Lard. 1000 boxes Cheese-thin and good ship-500 boxes Crackers-St. Louis prices.

300 bags Shot and Lead. 1000 boxes 1/2 and 1/2 Raisins-New. 100 casks and boxes New Curran

50 casks and boxes Lemons. 100 barrels Nuts. 600 boxes Candy.

1400 bags Coffee.

100 cases Sardines. 400 cases Pickles. 300 cases Jellies and Preserves. 20,000 pounds (car-load) Atmore's Mince Meat, in pkgs. from 5 to 400 lbs.

**OLIVER, FINNIE & CO** 

COTTON GINNING

STAR COTTON-GINS No. 68 Union Street. Aving refited our ginning establishment with the latest improved Gins, Cotton-dusters, Cleaners, and everykind of machinery necessary for ginning cotton, we are prepared to do better work, making a better tumout, better sample, and clean ing the seed closer, than any gins in or around this city. All cotton in ginhouse covered by insurance, Sacks for shipping seed-cotton furnished. Merchants ordering sacks from our gin will not be held responsible for same, but parties to whom sacks are shipped will be held responsible for same.
Our terms for ginning are as low as the lowest. Our facilities are unsurpassed. Our ginning establishment is complete in every particular.

I have this day associated myself with Mr. Jos. M. Henochsberg as a partner to our firm, and now, with increased facilities, will still further try and place the Star Cotton Gin superior to all others. October 1, 1877.

J. V. PATRICK & CO.

Our Major T. J. COWGILL devotes his whole time to the Weighing and Sale of all Cotton intrusted to our charge. We have our own Cotton Warehouse, corner Washington and Second.

TO THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN